

- 4 b. A flange coupling is used to connect two co-axial shafts of diameter 80 mm to transmit 60 kW at 200 rpm, 6, M14×1.5 bolts are used on a bolt circle diameter of 240 mm. The hub diameter is 150 mm and flange thickness is 20 mm. Determine,
- The shear stress induced in shaft.
 - The shear stress induced in bolts.
 - The shear stress induced in key taking $\sigma_c = 80$ MPa.
 - The shear stress induced in flanges.
- (10 Marks)**

PART – B

- 5 A commercial steel shaft is required to sustain a torque of 450 N-m and bending moment of 300 N-m. Determine:
- The diameter of solid shaft required.
 - The dimensions of hollow shaft taking inside diameters equal to 0.8 times the outside diameter.
 - Percentage of saving in weight of material by using hollow shaft.
- (20 Marks)**
- 6 a. A bracket is fixed to the wall by means of four bolts and loaded as shown in Fig. Q6 (a). Calculate the size of bolts if the load is 10 kN and the design shear stress for bolt material is 40 MPa. **(10 Marks)**
- b. The cylinder head of a steam engine is held in position by 10 bolts. The diameter of cylinder is 400 mm and the maximum pressure of steam is 1 MPa. A copper gasket is used to make the joint leak proof. Determine the standard size of bolts required by taking the design tensile stress for bolt material equal to 90 MPa. **(10 Marks)**
- 7 a. Design a triple riveted lap joint with zig-zag riveting for steel plates 20 mm thick using $\sigma_t = 90$ N/mm², $\sigma_c = 120$ N/mm² and $\tau = 60$ N/mm². **(10 Marks)**
- b. Design the longitudinal joint for a boiler of diameter 2 m taking the permissible pressure as 2.5 MPa. Assume the tensile, shear and compressive stresses for the materials of shell and rivets as 90 MPa, 60 MPa and 120 MPa respectively. **(10 Marks)**
- 8 a. A steel plate welded by fillet welds to a structure is loaded as shown in Fig. Q8 (a). Calculate the size of weld if the load is 35 kN and allowable shear stress for the weld material is 90 MPa. **(12 Marks)**

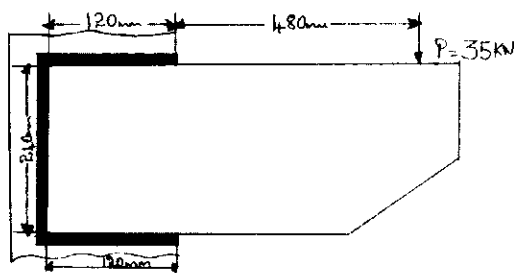


Fig. Q8 (a)

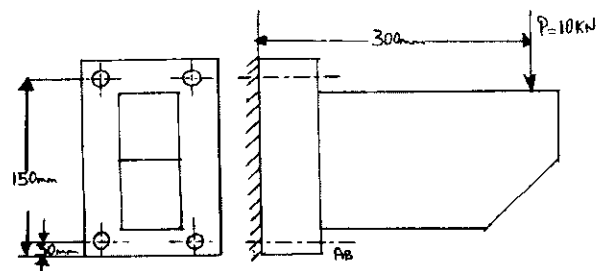


Fig. Q6 (a)

- b. A power screw for a jack has square threads of proportion $50 \times 42 \times 8$, while the coefficient of friction at the threads is 0.1 and that of collar is 0.12. Determine the weight that can be lifted by the jack through an effort of 400 N applied through a hand lever of span 400 mm. **(08 Marks)**
